National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

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date entered

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections Name N/A historic FEDERAL ROW and/or common Location street & number 146-162 East 5th St.; 424-430 Holland St. N/A not for publication N/A_vicinity of Erie city, town state Pennsylvania code 42 code 49 county Erie Classification Ownership Status **Present Use** Category museum X public occupied agriculture _ district X building(s) _ unoccupied park _ private commercial private residence _ work in progress educational both __ structure religious Accessible entertainment **Public Acquisition** _ site scientific N An process government X yes: restricted __ object transportation industrial N/Abeing considered _ yes: unrestricted vacant other: military Owner of Property Redevelopment Authority of the City of Erie name 410 Sumner Nichols Building street & number state Pennsylvania 16501 Erie N/Avicinity of city, town **Location of Legal Description**

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc.	Recorder	of	Deeds,	Erie	County	Courthouse	
street & number	140 West	6tl	Stree	t			
city, town	Erie					_{state} Pennsylvania	1650

Representation in Existing Surveys

title City of Erie Historic Sites			has this property been determined eligible? X yes				
date '	Survey, 19	82 (see attached	inventory)	federal	_X_ sta	ate county	local
deposito	ory for survey reco	rds Bureau for	r Historic	Preservat	ion,	Box 1026	
city, tow	/n	Harrisburg	3		state	Pennsylvani	La 17120

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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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2. Erie County Historical and Architectural Preservation Plan

Erie County Planning Department

Erie County Courthouse

140 West 6th Street, Erie, Pennsylvania

3. Eligibility Determination

Requested by HUD

June 19, 1979

For: David Kennedy House, C.M. Tibbals House, Alexander Brewster

House, David Kennedy Row Houses

7. Description

	Condition — excellent — good — fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one original site moved date	N/A
--	-------------------------------------	------------------------------------	-------------------------------	------------------------------------	-----

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Charles M. Tibbals House (1842), the Alexander Brewster House (1823), the Kennedy Row House (1836), the David Kennedy House (1832), and the Kennedy Double House (1840), comprise a group of five residences occupying a rectangular plot at the southwest corner of East 5th and Holland Streets in Erie. The Tibbals House, Brewster House, Kennedy Row House, and approximately half the David Kennedy House face East 5th Street, while the remainder of the David Kennedy House and Kennedy Double House face Holland Street.

The five buildings are united visually by virtue of their structural materials, similar form, and over-all arrangement on the site. All the houses are constructed of red brick. All with the exception of the Tibbals House are laid in Flemish bond. The buildings range between two and two-and-a-half stories in height, and are basically rectangular in shape with gentle sloping roof lines and generally symmetrical fenestration. The Brewster House, Kennedy Row House, and David Kennedy House are contiguous; while the Tibbals House and Kennedy Double House serve to anchor either end of the complex.

The site which the houses occupy lies within the area in which Erie's mercantile activity was concentrated during the early decades of the 19th century. Most of the town's leading families had their businesses and residences here. Subsequently this section of the City declined and became a neighborhood of an entirely different character. This group of buildings are good examples of the type of housing in which these individuals would have lived.

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BAILDIW	G INVENTORY			
Code	<u>Location</u>	Description	Eval. Class.	Photos.
FR-1	146 E. 5th.	Charles M. Tibbals House	Contributing	#1 & #2
		Two and a half story 3 bay brick dwelling. Additions to rear and west, but front or original section is of Greek Revival design dating to 1842. Of particular note are the flat wall surfaces, simple flat lintels, and rather prominent neo-classi cornice. The front door has a rectangular transon above and is flanked by side ligh Typical of detached middle class housing of small indurial towns of the era.	cal ts.	
FR-2	156 E. 5th.	Alexander Brewster House	Contributing	#3 ,# 4 & #5
		Two-story 3 bay brick dwell ing. Orignal or front secti erected in 1823 of Federal design. Rear section added 1852. House later "Italiani with addition of oriel wind and hooded console over mai entrance. Street facade ret considerable degree of arch tectural integrity in treat	on in zed" ow, n ains i- ment	

FR-3 158 E. 5th.

Kennedy Row House

inset.

Contributing

#6 & #7

Cocupies west half of twostory 5 bay brick dwelling. According to tax records,

of windows which have flush, flat arch, narrow sill, and jamb trim

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Eval. Class.

Photos.

<u>Code</u> <u>Location</u> <u>Des</u>

<u>Description</u>

the structure was erected in 1836, and divided into two separate houses about 1880. The simple design of the structure contains certain Federal architectural features, notably symmetrically placed windows with lintel-type heads. Wall surfaces are treated in a smooth, planar fashion. The sole remaining Federal doorway is in this unit. The basement contains a cooking hearth and bake oven.

FR-4

160 E. 5th.

Kennedy Row House

Contributing

ing #8

Occupies east half of two-story 5 bay brick dwelling. According to tax records, the structwas erected in 1836, and divided into two separate houses about 1880. The simple design of the house contains certain Federal architectural features, notably symmetrically placed windows with lintel-type heads. Wall surfaces are treated in a smooth planar fashion. Interior trim and doors exhibit a Greek Revival influence.

FR-5

162 E. 5th.

David Kennedy House

Significant

#9, #10 & #11

This row house occupies about two-thirds of the two-story 5 bay brick dwelling which David Kennedy built as his residence in 1832. After Kennedy went into bankruptcyin 1879, the structure was divided into two separate family units. This building is the only one which contains Federal elements in the architrave framing of its doorways.

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Eval. Class. Photos. Code Location <u>Description</u> *#*12 FR-6 430 Holland David Kennedy House Significant

> This dwelling occupies slightly less than half of the two-story 5 bay structure which David Kennedy built as his residence in 1832. It was carved out of the original house in 1880 following Kennedy's loss of the property through bankruptcy. At that time a wing was added to the building at the rear. The Wing continues the simple design of the original structure in its roof and window treatment.

426 & 424 Holland

Kennedy Double House

Contributing

This structure is unique in that it was erected to house two families in 1840, at a time when there was considerable property speculation in Erie in anticipation of the opening of the Beaver to Lake Erie Canal. Later the building was converted to apartment use with the addition of two rear wings, and the relocation of the front entrances from the street facade to the gable ends of the house. There are cooking hearths and bake ovens in the basement. The structure is similar in design and dimensions to the other Kennedy houses.

8. Significance

Periodprehistoric1400-14991500-15991600-16991700-17991800-18991900-	Areas of Significance—C — archeology-prehistoric — agriculture — X architecture — art — y commerce — communications		ng landscape architectur law literature military music	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	See Inventory	Builder/Architect	David Kennedy	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

This collection of houses comprises the single remaining intect concentration of Erie's first Federal style brick structures. The buildings are also important in what they can tell us about the life-style and values of Erie's emerging entrepreneurial class in the second charter of the 19th century. All the houses are associated with individuals who held prominent positions in the community.

Although one house on the street - that of Alexander Brewster - very likely pre-dates the others, it was the builder David Kennedy who gave the neighborhood its particular architectural and social flavor. Kennedy was an Irish immigrant who came to this country in 1828. Soon after his arrival in Erie, he entered the brick making business, operating his yard near the grounds of the original French fort at the foot of Parade Street. Kennedy was one of the first men in Erie to build in brick on any scale, and over the years he became an accomplished mason. One of his major contracts was supplying the bricks for a new jail in the late 1820s. Kennedy was not only a craftsman but something of an innovator, developing an artificial stone mix material which he used to build several homes. It could be produced for about half the cost of brick.

Hennedy's buildings convey a good grasp of the fundamentals of design, and exhibit his appreciation for the quiet simplicity of the Federal style. While his houses are modest in their proportions, interior floor space was extended through the utilization of a raised basement. These basements typically contain cooking hearths, bake ovens, and service rooms. The upper floors follow the generally accepted of provincial examples during this period. Ornamentation is confined to simple moldings around door and window openings, at the wall-to-ceiling transition, and around fireplaces.

In addition to Kennedy himself, who served as Director of the Poor, and a member of Borough Council on several occasions; Brewster and Tibbals occupied leading roles in Erie's affairs. Brewster's son Alexander W. Was a successful merchant and engaged in the manufacture of woolen goods. In 1828 he was elected Sheriff of the County, and was elected Burgess of Erie in 1849. In turn his daughter-in-law Mrs. William Brewster helped establish both the "William Brewster Industrial School for Girls" and the Bureau of Charities. Both these organizations moved into the house at 156 East 5th St. in 1902. The Bureau of

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Charities, the forerunner of today's United Way of Erie County, remained there until 1939.

Charles M. Tibbals who came to Erie in 1836, pursued two business careers during his lifetime. Until 1858 he was a successful dry goods merchant. Two years following his retirement from that field, he went into the manufacture of stoves as a partner in the firm of Vincent, Tibbals & Shirk; afterwards Tibbals, Shirk & Whitehead; and event—ually the Erie & Chicago Stove Works. In 1859 he was appointed Collector of the Port by President Buchanan and served in that capacity until 1861. Among his other civic associations were director of the Erie City Bank and member of the Select Council.

The importance of these houses encompasses both events and individuals which helped to shape the economic development of Erie. Their geographic concentration, general form, and level of integrity bear testimony to a time when the community had left the status of frontier settlement behind, and was well on the way to becoming a vital regional manufacturing and distribution center.

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state	N/A	code	N/A	county	N/A	- 10	code	N/A
11. I	Form Prepa	red B	У					
name/title	John R.	Claridge	e, Ex	ecutive	Direc	tor		
organizatio	on Erie County I	distoric	al So	ciety	date	June,	1983	
street & nu	umber 417 State	Street			teleph	none (814)	454 -1 813	
city or tow	_n Erie				state	Pennsyl	vania 165	01
12. \$	State Histo	ric Pr	ese	rvatio	n Of	ficer C	ertifica	ation
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Hulbert's Directory for the City of Erie, 1853.

John Miller, <u>A Twentieth Century History of Erie County Pennsylvania</u>. Chicago: Lewis Publishing Co., 1909, Vol. I.

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Rease's Map of the City of Erie, 1861.

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Certificate of Survey, Owen Richardson, 28 February, 1955.

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then proceed south in the west line of Holland St. 165 feet to its intersection with East 5th St.; then proceed west in the north line of East 5th St. 283% feet to the point of origin.



MAP COMPLIES WITH NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS

SALE BY U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, RESTON, VIRGINIA 22092

SCRIBING TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS AND SYMBOLS IS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

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Zone 1